

Injector and DR Design Status and Issue

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- ▲ WG3a task and effort
- ▲ WG3b task and effort
- ▲ Summary

Introduction

-WG3 Structure-

- ▲ WG3 is reformed to a) and b).
- ▲ WG3a (M. Kuriki, J. Sheppard, J. Clark)
 - Electron and positron sources.
 - Injector linacs.
- ▲ WG3b (J. Gao, A. Wolski, S. Guiducci)
 - Electron DR
 - Positron DR
 - Subsystems
 - BC and BT belong to WG1.

WG3a Tasks

-Electron Injector-

- ▲ Electron source : No other choice than DC photo-cathode gun at this moment.
 - R&D to improve the performance, e.g. cathode life time, DC high voltage, etc.
- ▲ Choice on the injector linac.
 - Warm linac make the laser and the injection kicker easy, but need a shorter damping time of DR.
 - Cold linac has opposite properties.

WG3a Task

-Positron Injector-

- ▲ Positron production schemes can be categorized
 - a) Planar and b) Helical undulators.
 - c) Electron beam driven Conventional.
 - d) Compton.
- ▲ Technical investigation is on going.
- ▲ Results will be documented. Based on the document and the discussion in Snowmass, the technical assessment will be taken.

WG3a: Asian Contribution

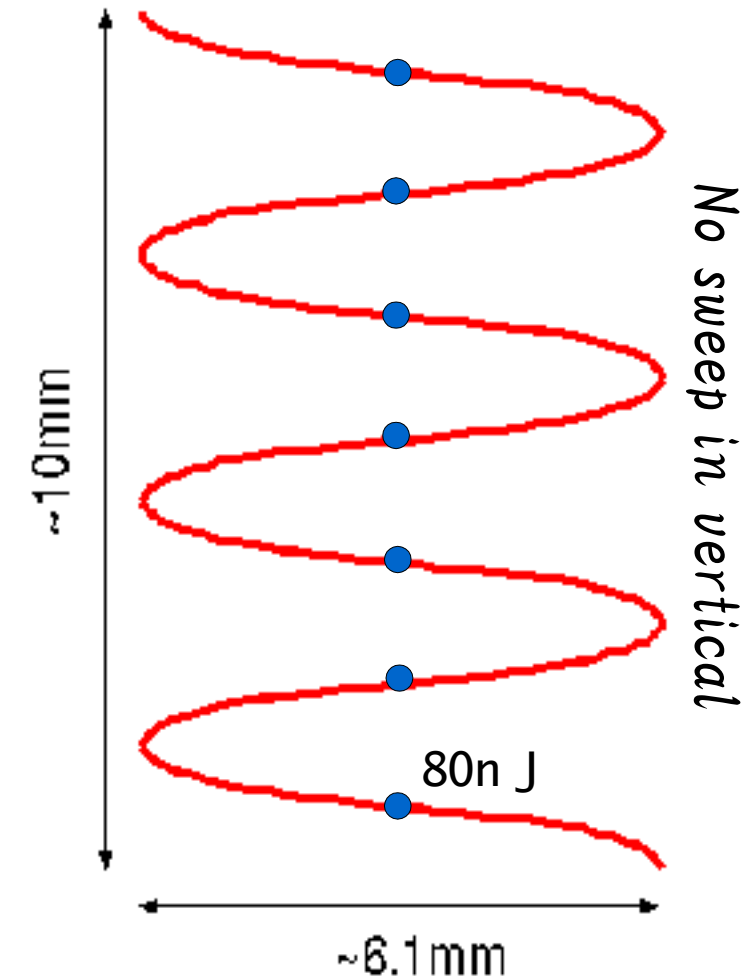
- ▲ Polarized electron source development at Nagoya.
 - ILC-PES(Polarized Electron Source) group will be formed. Nagoya will be the Asian regional center.
- ▲ IPPAK (ILC Positron Project At KEKB).
 - Provide an important information of the target damage threshold to the assessment.
- ▲ Conceptual design of Compton based e^+ source.
- ▲ Demonstration of proof of principle of Compton scheme.

IPPAK

ILC Positron Project At KEKB

- ▲ IPPAK will demonstrate the target hardness against the electron beam.
- ▲ Test target : W(74)-Re(26) alloy
- ▲ Drive beam : KEKB HER stored beam.

Experimental Mode



▲ KEKB mode

- Use the normal KEKB dump beam.
- Duration to make the energy deposit is much shorter. Reproduce only the energy density.

▲ ILC mode

- Turning off the vertical kicker.
- Bunches at the zero-cross hit a same spot every 1430ns.
- Reproduce energy density and flux.

Results

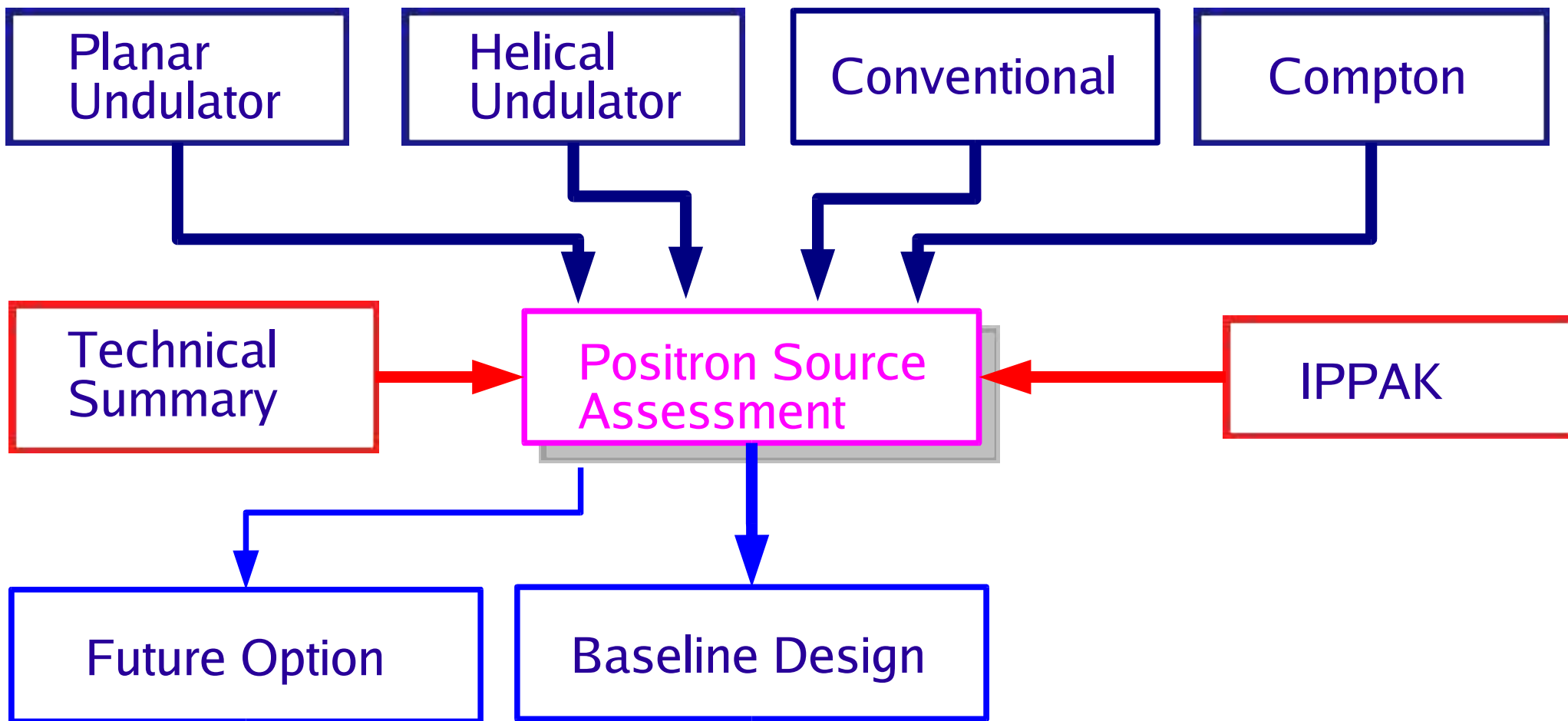
- ▲ Investigation with an optical scope .
- ▲ Significant damage(many cracks) was observed in KEKB mode.
- ▲ Nothing but a colored area was observed in ILC2(significant), ILC1(not clear) modes.
- ▲ Nothing was observed in ILC0.7 mode.



IPPAK Summary

- ▲ The Significant damage was observed in KEKB mode, but not in ILC2, 1, 0.7.
- ▲ Because energy density of both modes is in a same range, it might show some temporal effect easing the damage.
- ▲ By considering only this sudden effect, the target load corresponding to those in ILC1 and 0.7 is acceptable.
 - ILC1 : 50m/s rotation and 2ms pulse, or 100m/s rotation and 1ms pulse.
 - ILC07 : 50m/s rotation and 3ms pulse, or 150 m/s rotation and 1ms pulse.

WG3a Flow Chart



WG3a: Asian Strategy

- ▲ Propose the warm linac as the electron injector.
- ▲ Recommend the conventional e^+ production as the base line because of the simplicity.
- ▲ Consider Compton scheme as an advanced option for the polarized e^+ at this moment.

WG3b task

- ▲ Decide the DR system.
 - Circumference and layout.
 - Bunch fill pattern.
 - Beam injection and extraction schemes.
- ▲ Since it is hard to select one design scientifically, we assess the proposals: DR assessment task.

DR Assessment Task

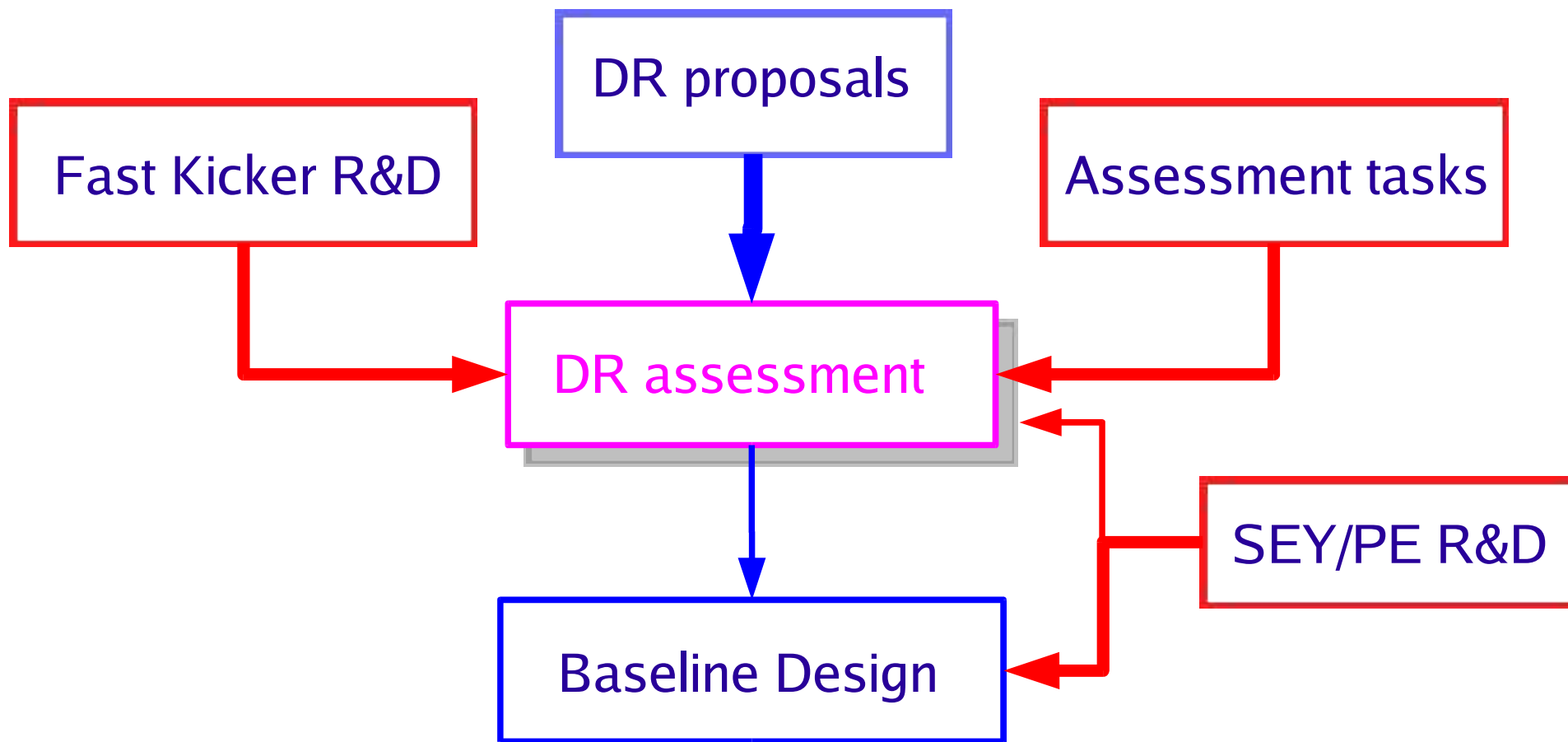
▲ Obligation : Provide information of the issue.

Task #	Description	Leaders
1	Dynamic aperture	Y. Cai (SLAC), Y. Ohnishi (KEK)
2	Vertical emittance tuning and tolerance	J. Jones (Darebury), K. Kubo (KEK)
3	Classical instabilities	A. Wolski (LBNL), TBA
4	Characterize space-charge effects.	M. Venurini (LBNL), K. Oide(KEK)
5	Kickers	M. Ross (SLAC), T. Naito (KEK)
6	Electron cloud effects	F. Zimmerman (CERN) or R. Wanzenberg (DESY), K. Ohmi(KEK)
7	Fast-ion effects	M. Pivi (SLAC), Eun-san Kim (Pohang)
8	Make cost estimates.	J. Nunan (ANL), S. Guiducci (INFN), J. Urakawa (KEK)
9	Beam losses	S. Guiducci (INFN)
10	Estimate de-polarization	D. Barber (DESY)
11	Pre-damping ring evaluations	M. Kuriki (KEK)

Asian Contribution

- ▲ Fast kicker study at ATF (KEK, SLAC, DESY).
- ▲ SEY/Photo-emission study at KEKB.
- ▲ DR Assessment tasks;
 - Dynamic Aperture.
 - Space charge.
 - Electron cloud effect.
 - Fast Ion Instability.
 - Pre-DR study.

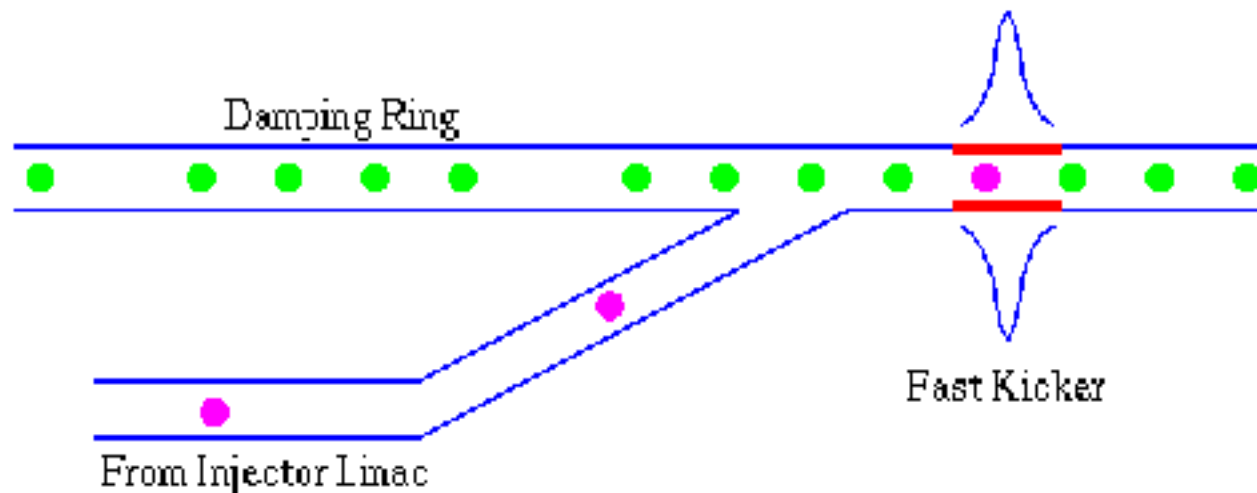
WG3b Flow Chart



Fast Kicker Study

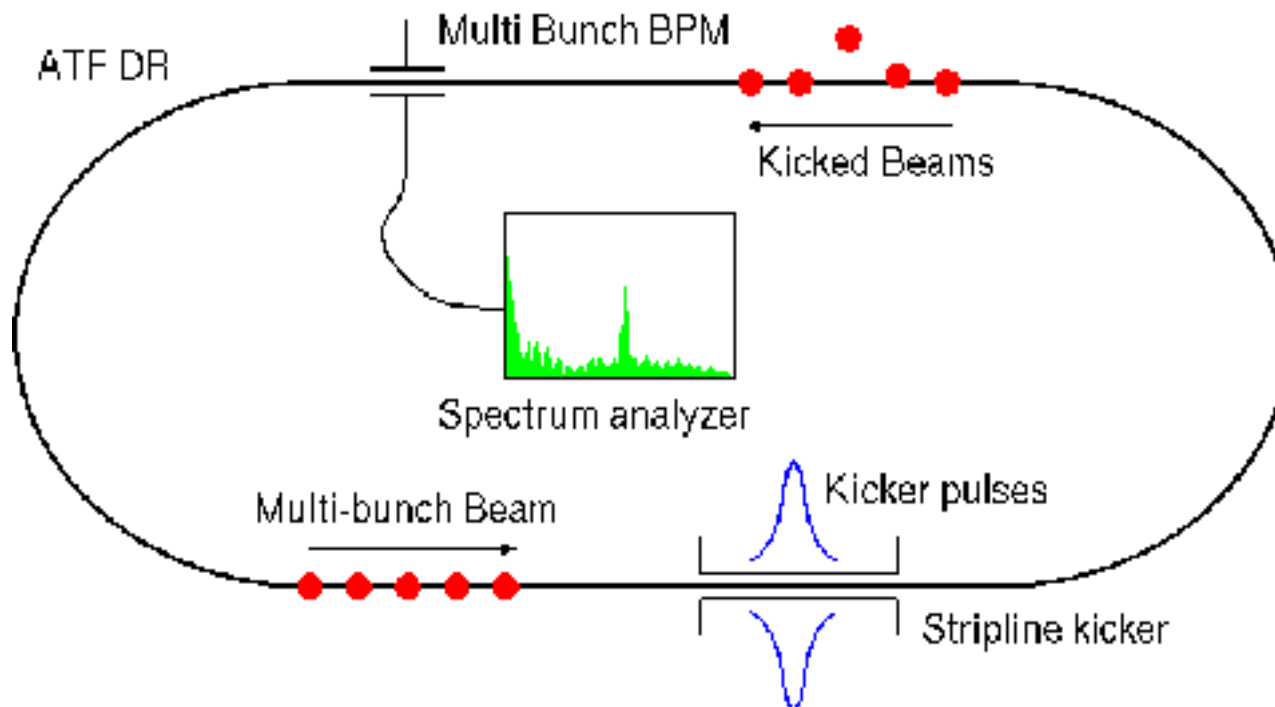
ILC DR Beam Injection/Extraction

- ▲ A compressed storage in DR is essential.
- ▲ The kicker pulse width decide the shortest bunch spacing in DR for the individual beam handling.

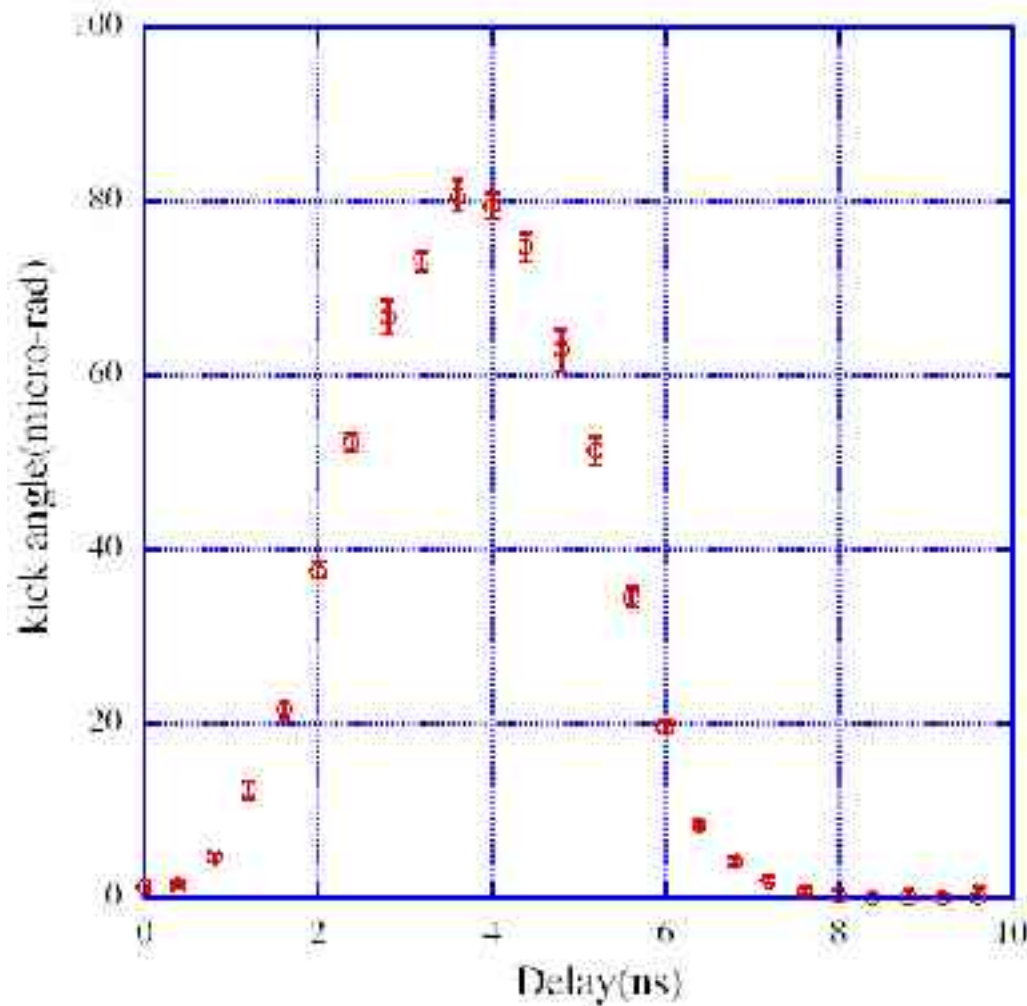


Demonstration in ATF

- ▲ A strip line kicker driven by a fast pulser, deflects the beam stored in ATF-DR.
- ▲ The kick is observed by a multi-bunch BPM as a betatron motion .

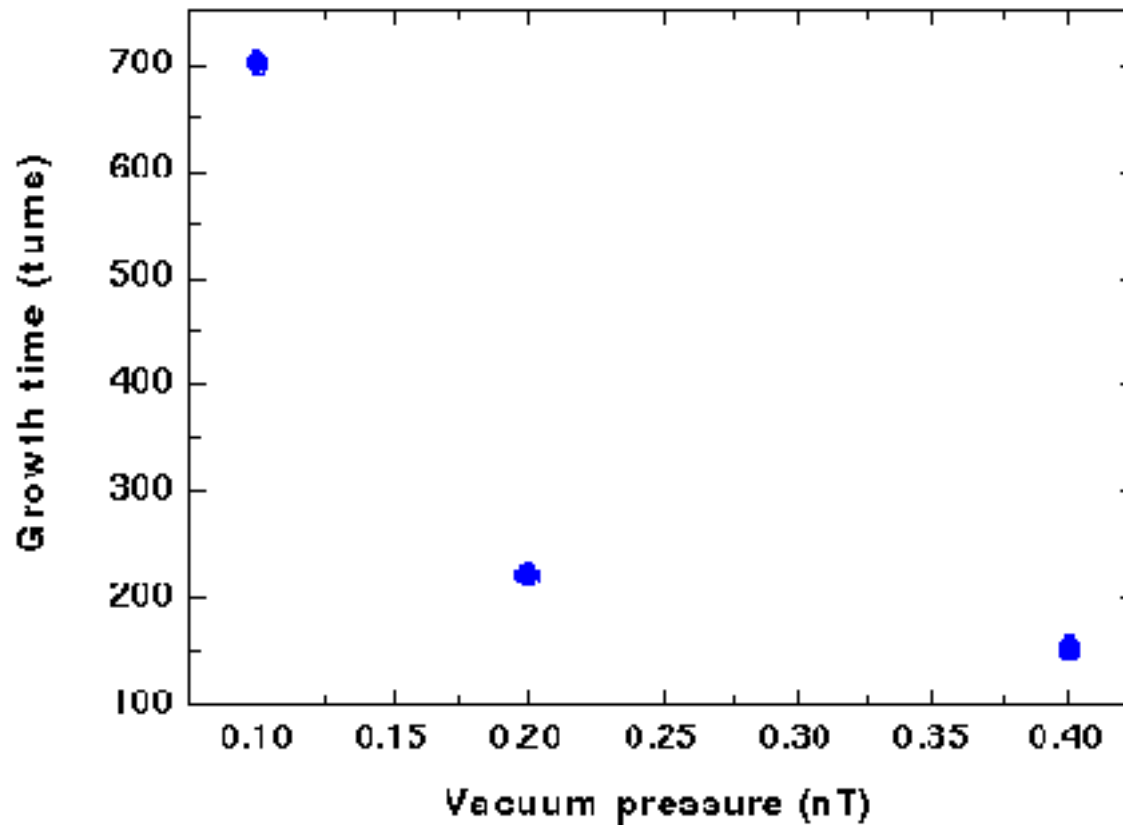


Fast Kicker Summary



- ▲ Pulser : 5 kV, 1-1,2 ns rise time, < 100 ps jitter, 3 Mhz repetition.
- ▲ Scan the kick angle with the pulse trigger timing.
- ▲ Rise and fall time ~ 3.6 ns which makes a short DR possible.
- ▲ Kick angle ~ 80 urad (calc. 93urad)

Exponential growth time of fast-ion instability at LBNL 3 km damping ring



E.S. Kim (ACFA LCWS05)

**Preliminary simulation results show necessity of bunch
by bunch feedback system to suppress the beam instability
in the vacuum pressure of 0.1 nT.**

SEY/PE Studies

- ▲ Electron yield determines the maximum current density in DR to prevent the electron cloud effect.
- ▲ Demonstration of electron cloud suppression with ante-chamber coated with TiN which has lower SEY (Secondary Electron Yield) at KEKB.
- ▲ In-situ measurement of SEY of the graphitized Cu surface which could be a replacement of the expensive TiN coated surface at KEKB.
- ▲ A large impact to the technical design rather than a conceptual design.

2pm Emittance Beam Stabilization

- ▲ These items are important as more perfect demonstrations of ILC beam at ATF.
- ▲ This is also an unique contribution of KEK/Japan to ILC development.
- ▲ The results, however, do not have a big impact on the injector scheme discussion in Snowmass.
- ▲ The result is actually essential for ATF2 (Final Focus) rather than ILC injector design itself.

WG3b: Asian Strategy

- ▲ Range of Nb(2820-5840) is suggested by WG1.
- ▲ DR should be designed in order to store 2820 bunches with a safe tb (7.2ns) and 5640 bunches with an achieved (3.6ns) tb.
- ▲ Assuming this short tb demonstrated by Kicker experiment, DR with an independent tunnel is possible.

WG3b Asian Strategy (cont)

- ▲ Because of the operation-ability, the independent tunnel is favored.
 - 6km Dogbone (7.2ns) has less space charge, less damping time, and less wigglers. It can be built in a 4km independent tunnel.
 - Double decker of two 3km DRs with an independent tunnel is possible.
 - 6km circular ring is built in 6km independent tunnel.

Summary

- ▲ WG3 is now split into a) and b) for more efficient work.
- ▲ In both WG, assessment tasks will be taken for the critical decision: Positron production and DR layout.
- ▲ Asian Group provide the important and critical information to the assessment tasks.
- ▲ Based on the results of our efforts, we insist our own strategy.