

ILC WG5-Asia Report

WG5 convener: K.Saito

- **Demonstrated high gradient with both Reentrant, Low Loss single cell cavities**

ILC WG5 Asia Strategy and RD Issues

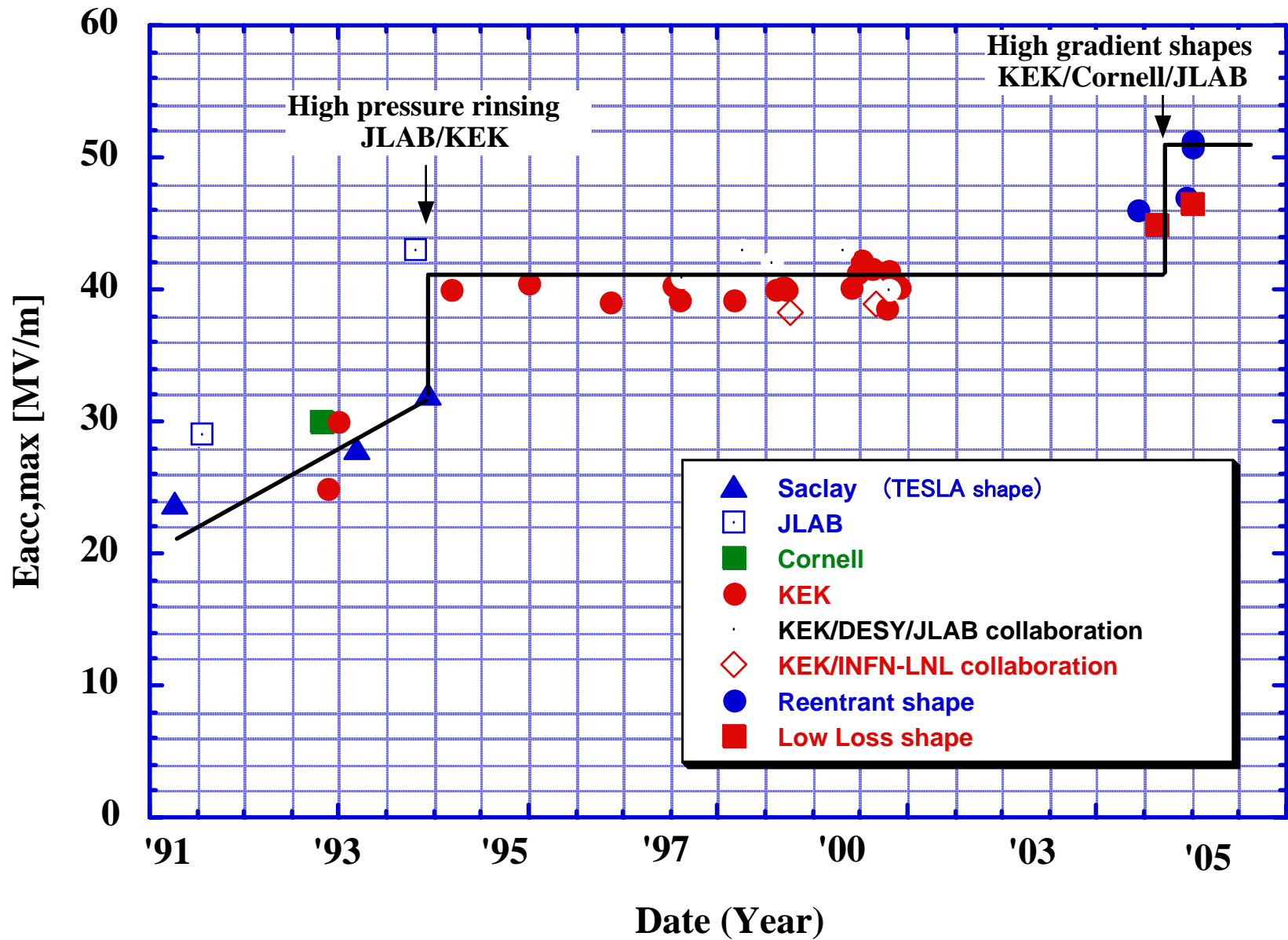
- **Push gradient higher for the future ILC energy reach**
- **Needs enough margin on 35MV/m operation**
- **Cavity operation cost saving by 10% by LL cavity shape**
- **Industrialization : Conventional baseline fabrication and advanced Nb/Cu clad seamless cavity for cost down**

KEK decided to develop the LL shape 9-cell cavity for ILC and demonstrate the high gradient (45MV/m) module operation in STF at least by the TDR/RDR.

**Need a wide dynamical range tuner for larger Lorenz detuning
Need a higher power (500kW) input coupler**

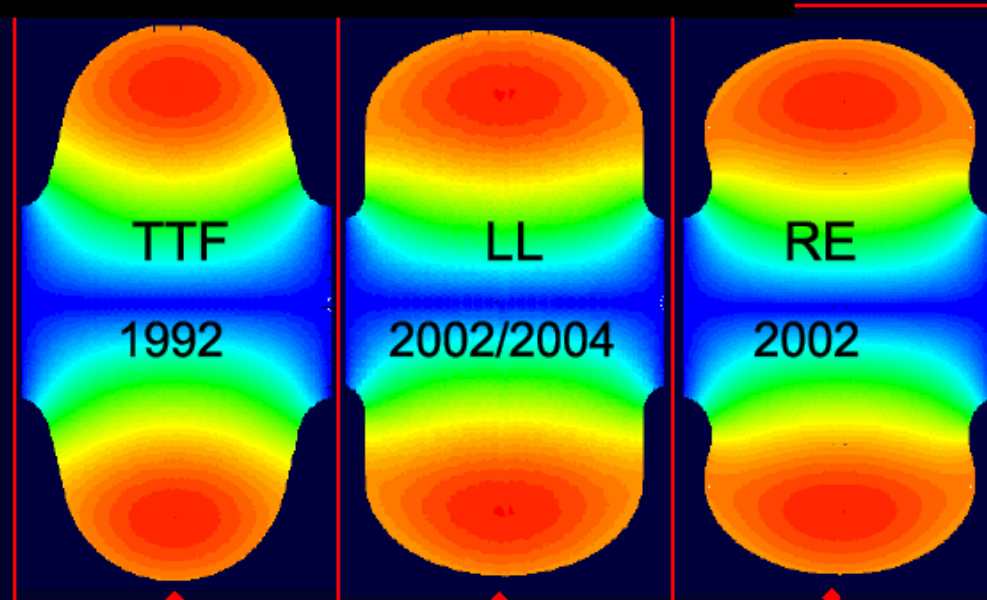
R&D Issues :

- 1) 45MV/m high gradient cavity**
→ **Demonstrate $E_{acc} > 45\text{MV/m}$ by single cell cavities and 9-cell cavities**
- 2) Wide dynamical range tuner system**
- 3) 500kW high power coupler**
- 4) Baseline fabrication, Nb/Cu clad seamless cavity fabrication**



Cavity Design

from J.Sekutowicz lecturer Note



r_{irisb}	[mm]	35	30	33	
k_{cc}	[%]	1.9	1.52	1.8	field flatness
$E_{\text{peak}}/E_{\text{acc}}$	-	1.98	2.36	2.21	max gradient (E limit)
$B_{\text{peak}}/E_{\text{acc}}$	[mT/(MV/m)]	4.26	3.61	3.76	max gradient (B limit)
R/Q	[Ω]	113.8	133.7	126.8	stored energy
G	[Ω]	271	284	277	dissipation
R/Q*G	[Ω^2]	30840	37970	35123	dissipation (Cryo limit)

KEK Proposal:

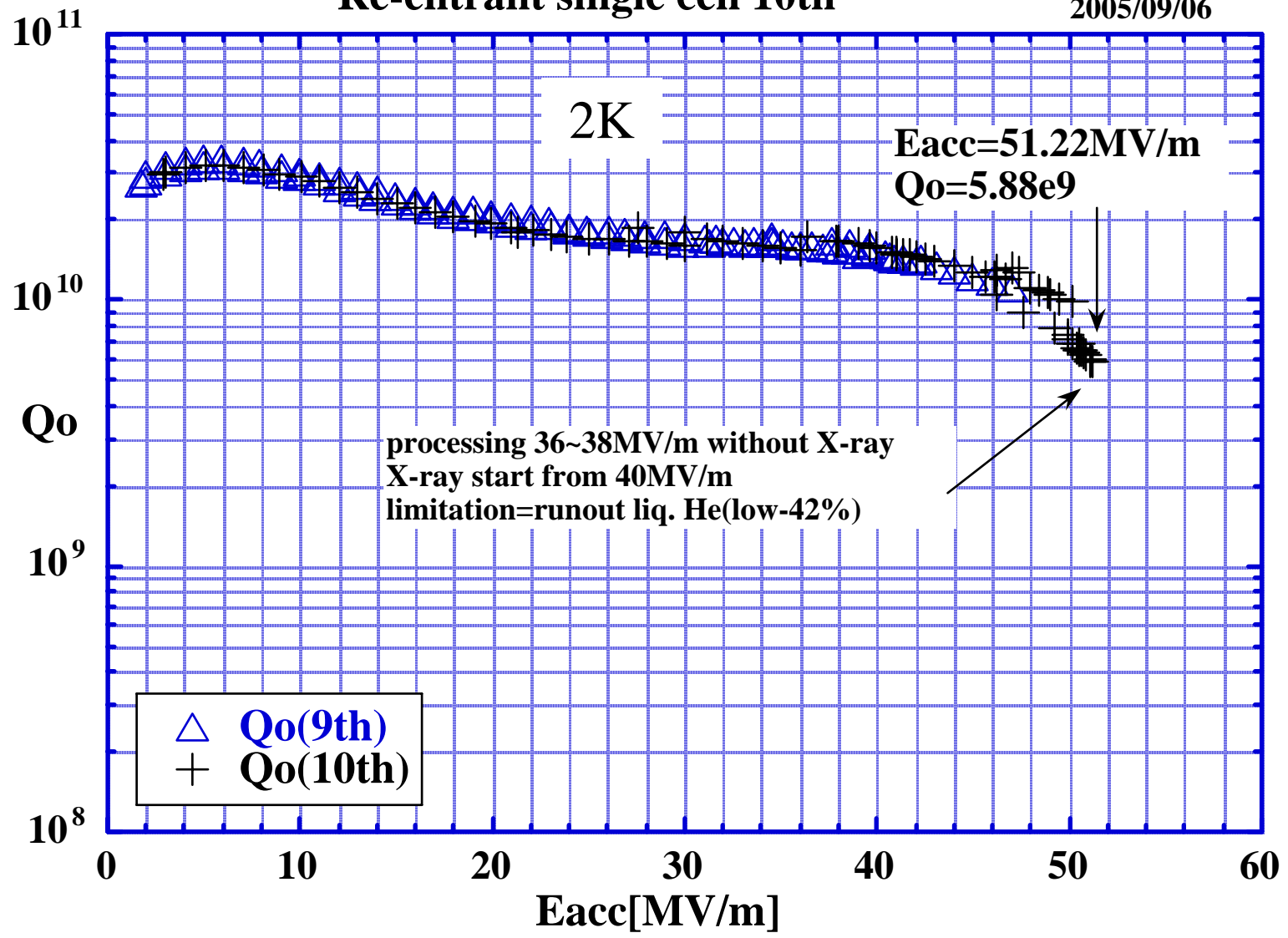
TESLA shape was designed in 1992 optimizing E_p/E_{acc} against field emission.

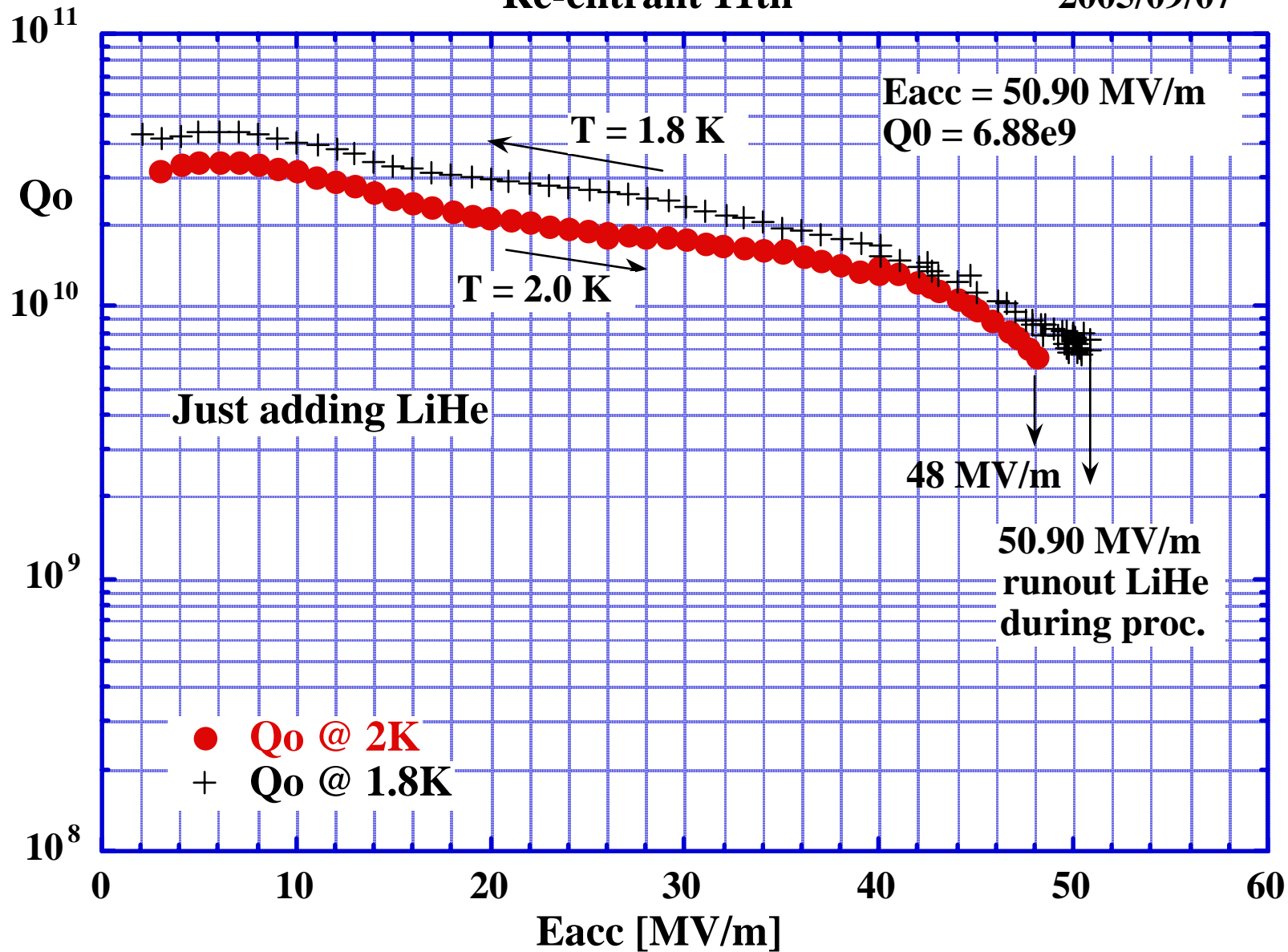
Now field emission is not a hard limit by KEK recipe (EP+HPR+Bake process).

Gradient is limited critical magnetic field. Cavity shape has to be optimized on H_p/E_{acc} and E_p/E_{acc} for high gradient and high Q.

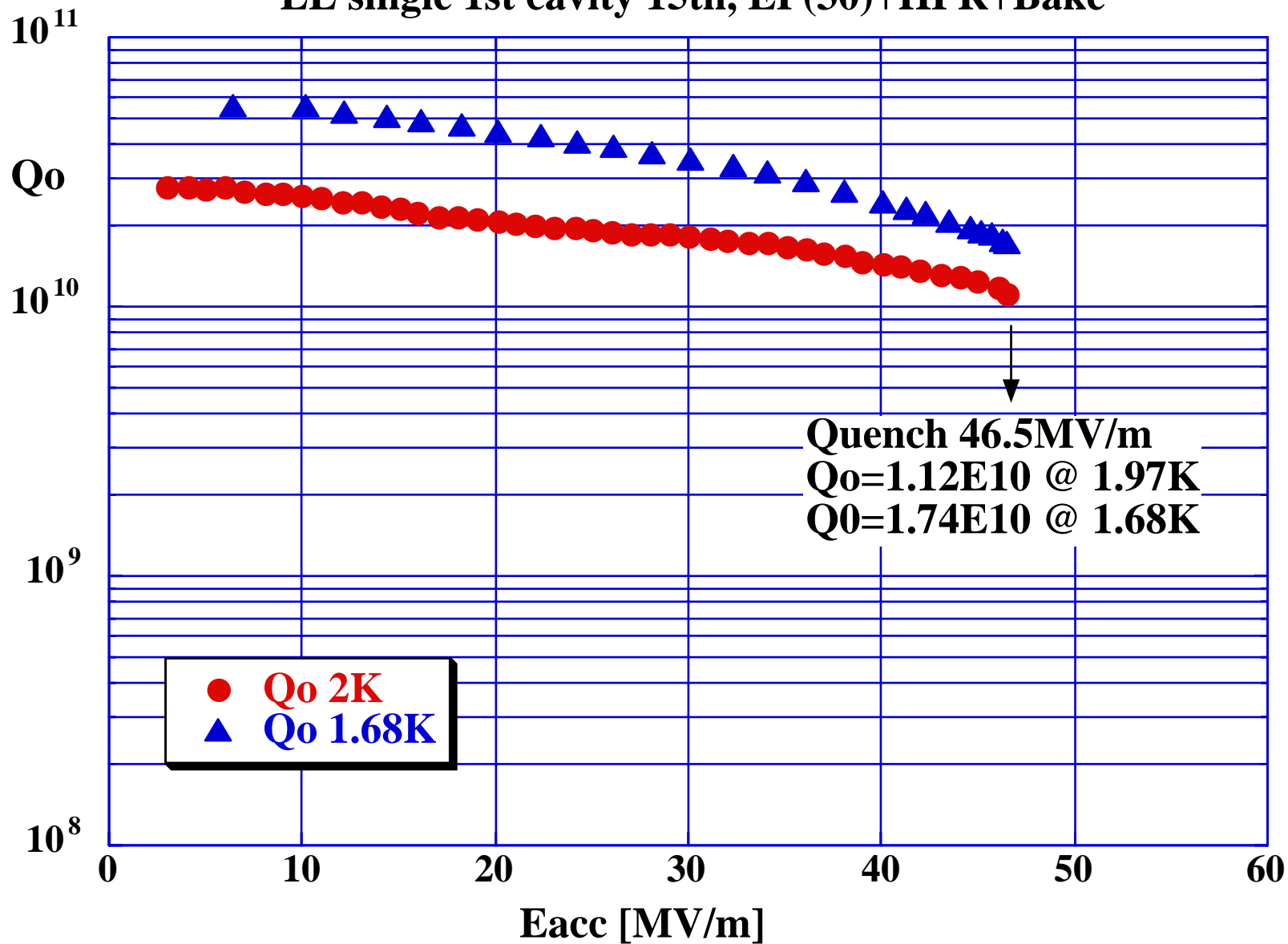
Re-entrant single cell 10th

2005/09/06

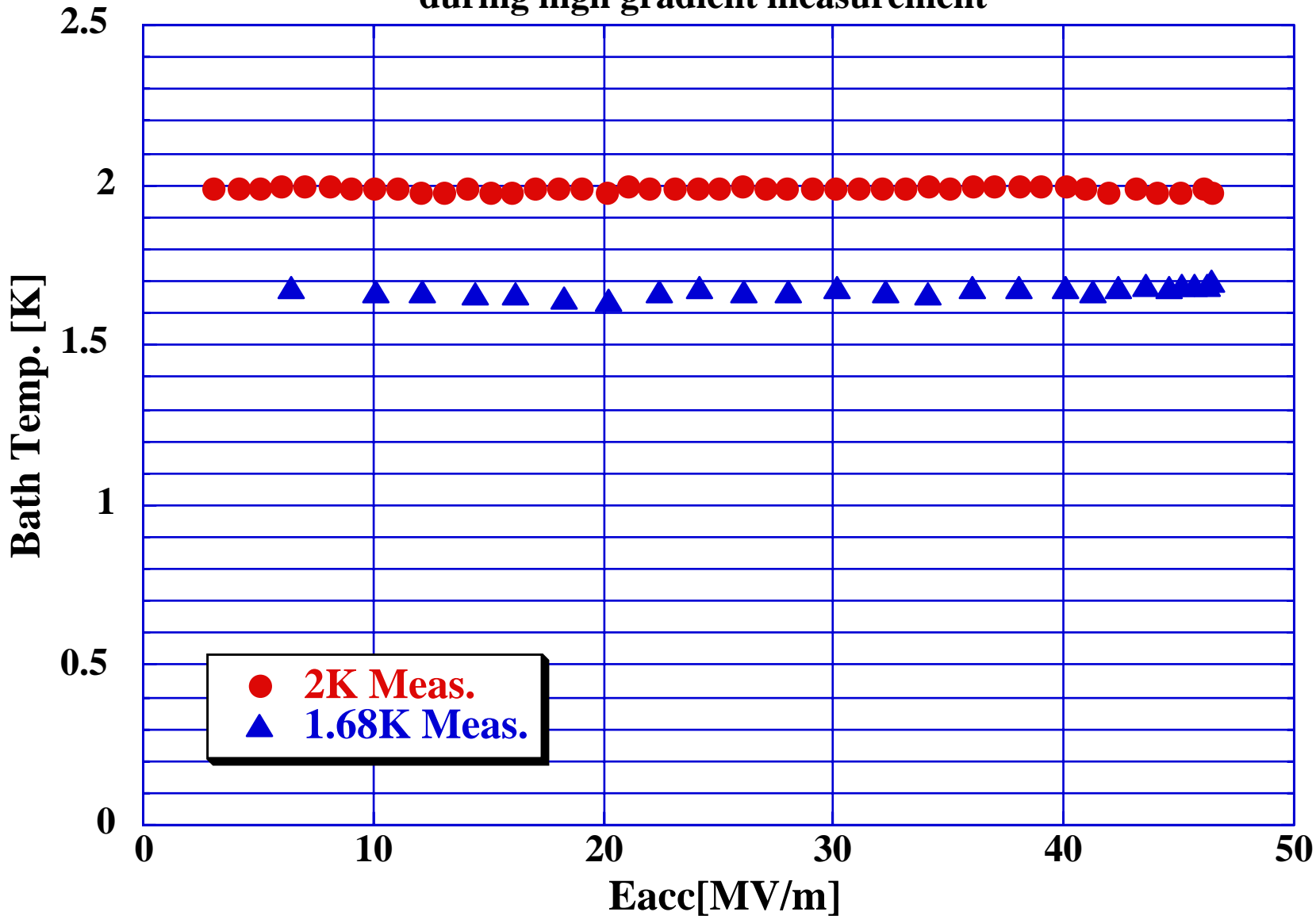


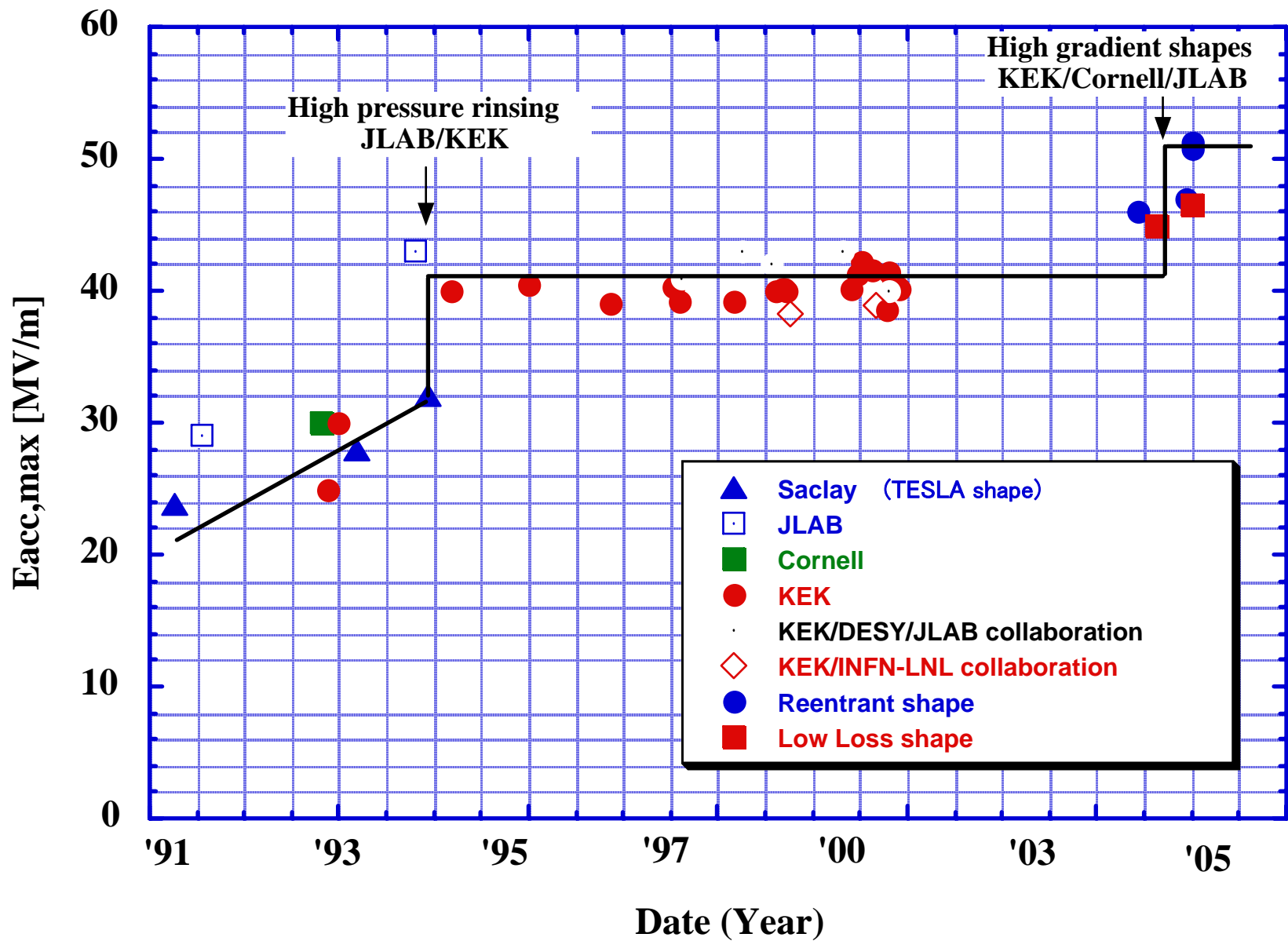


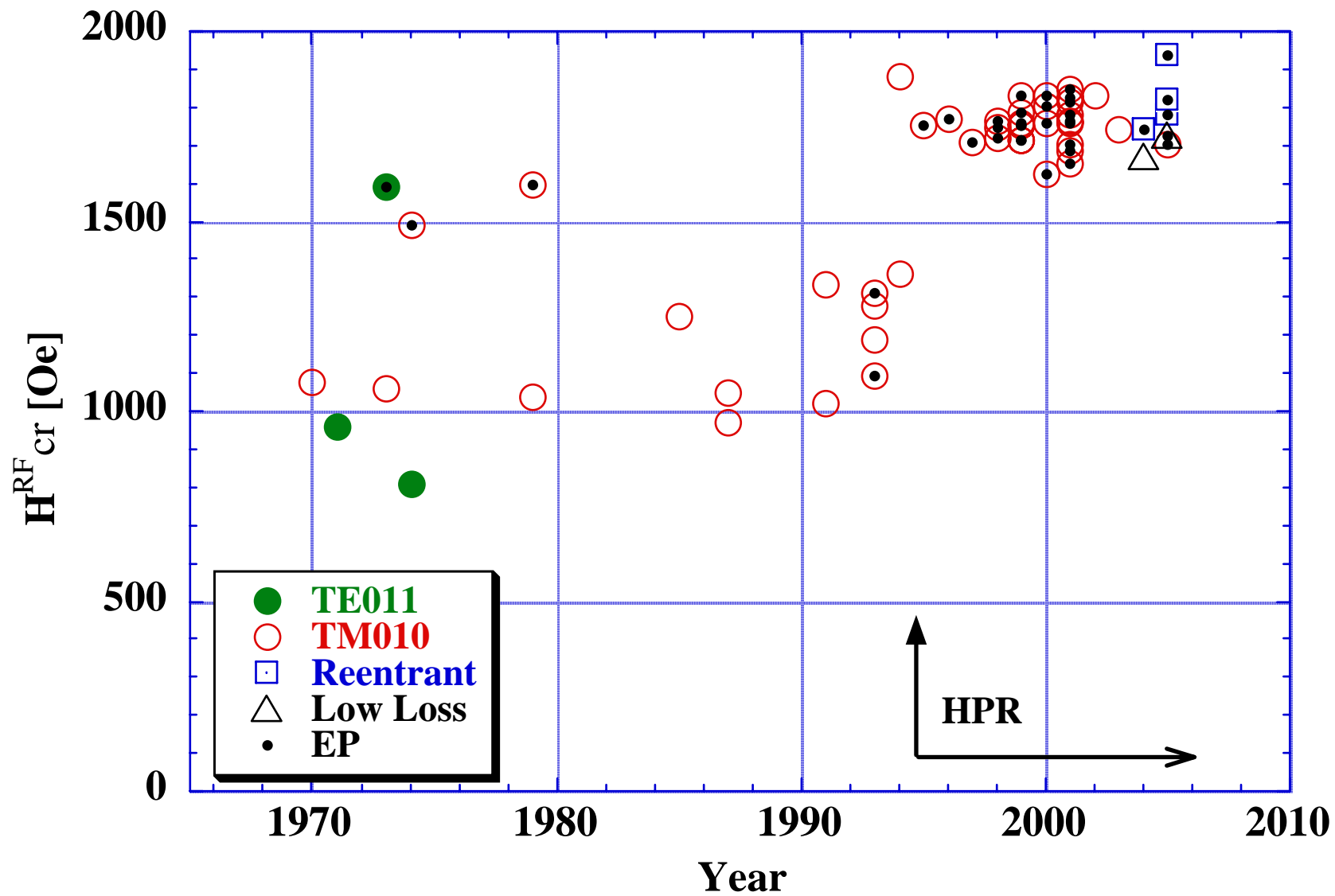
LL single 1st cavity 15th, EP(30)+HPR+Bake

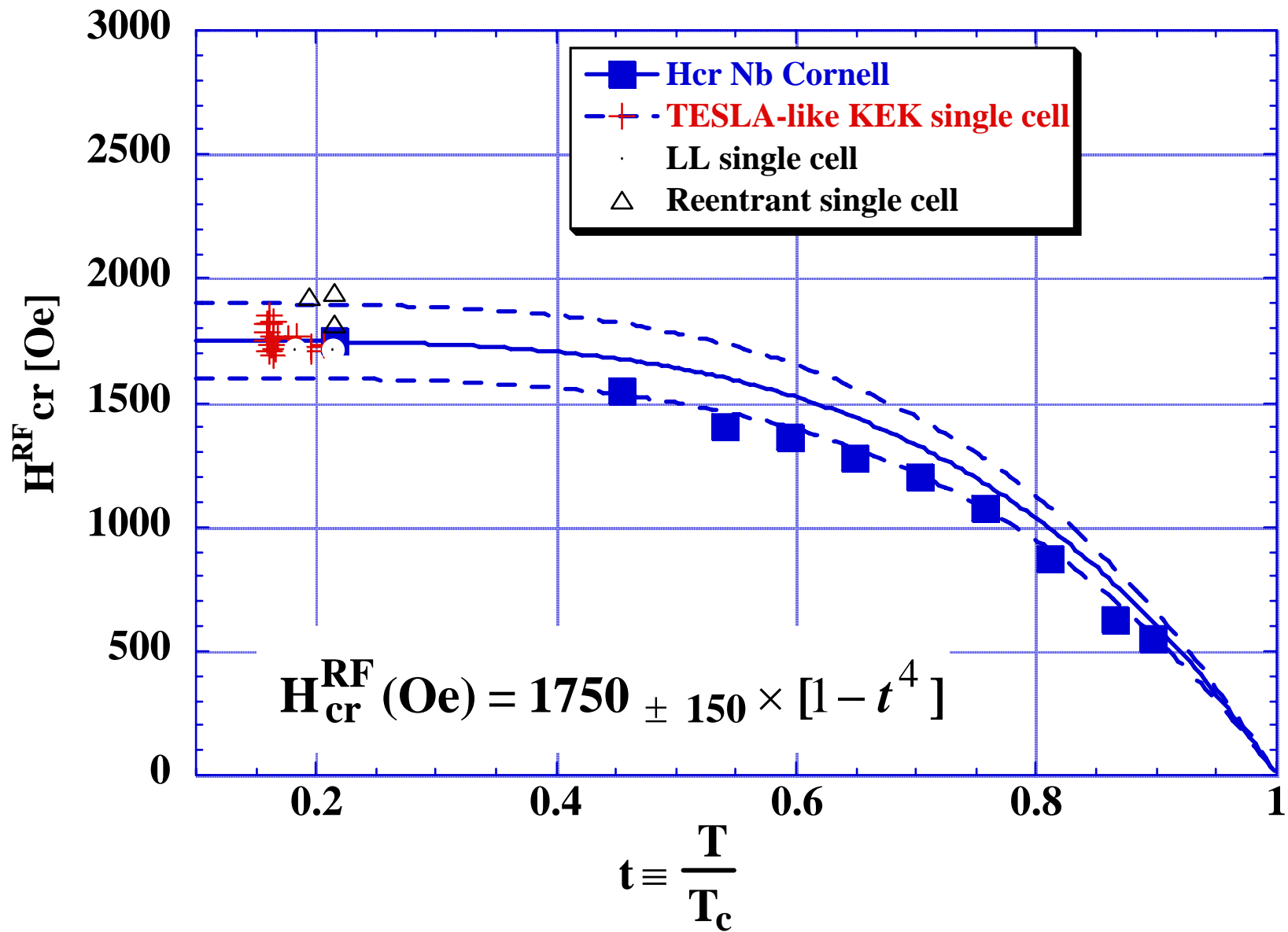


LL single 1st cavity, 15th: Bath temperature during high gradient measurement

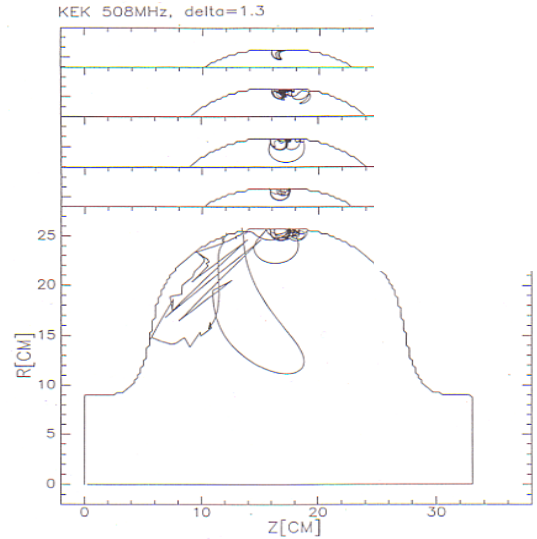
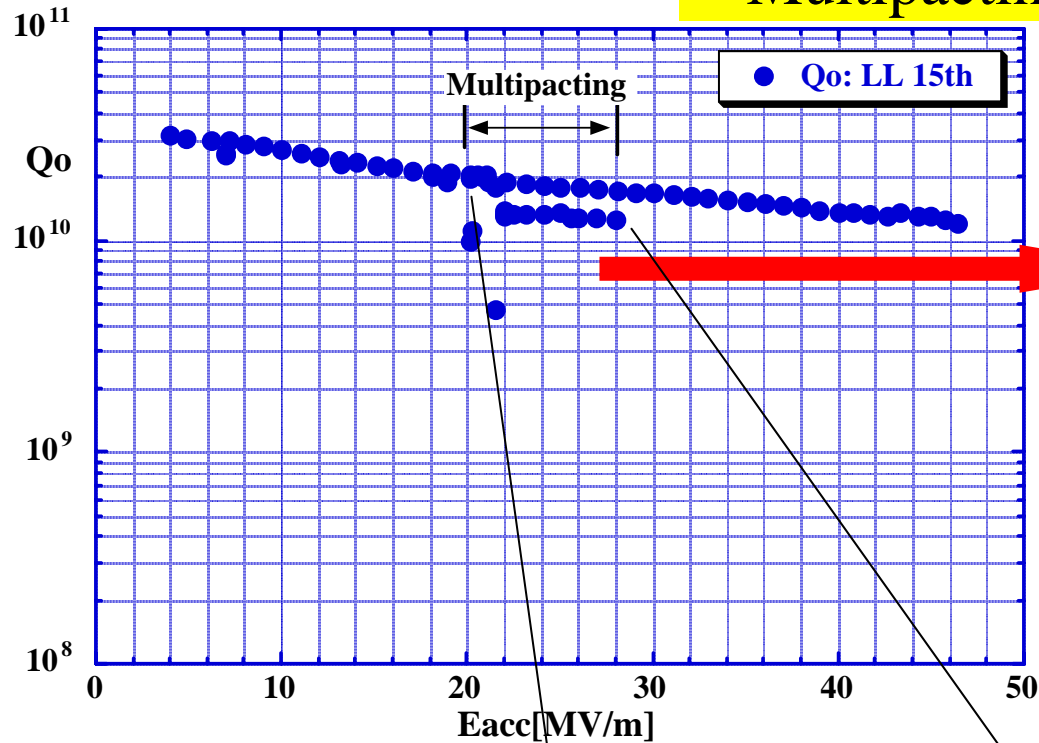








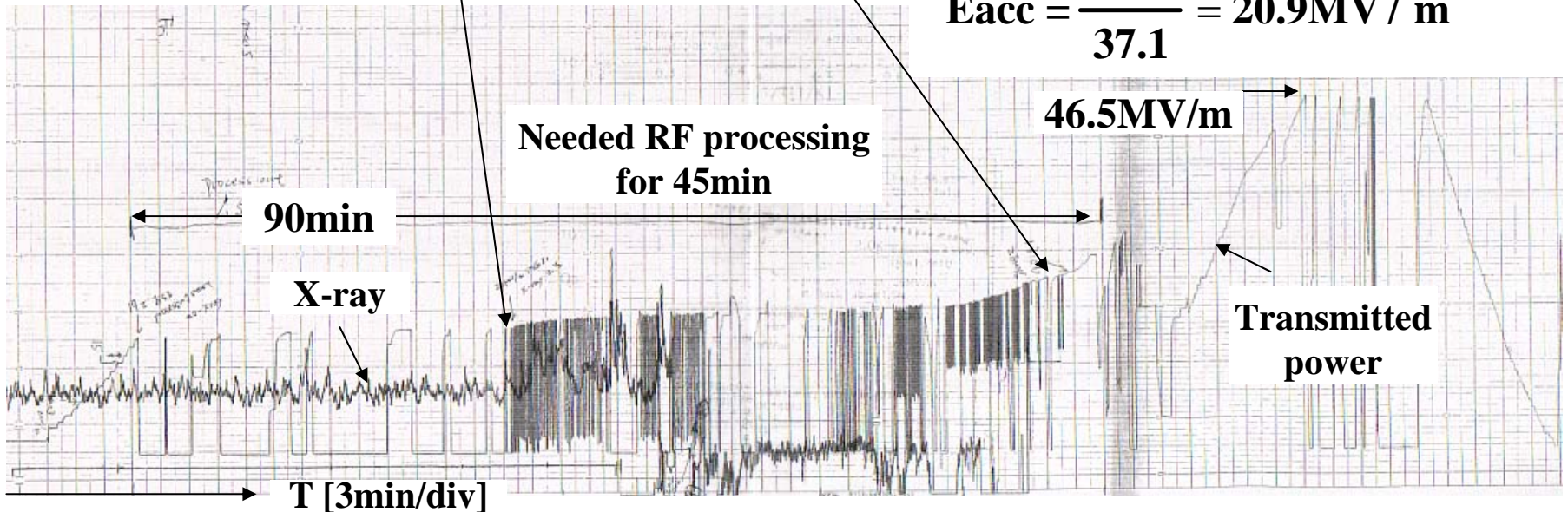
Multipacting



$$\frac{H_p[\text{Oe}]}{f[\text{MHz}]} = \frac{0.6}{2n-1} \text{ for 2point MP,}$$

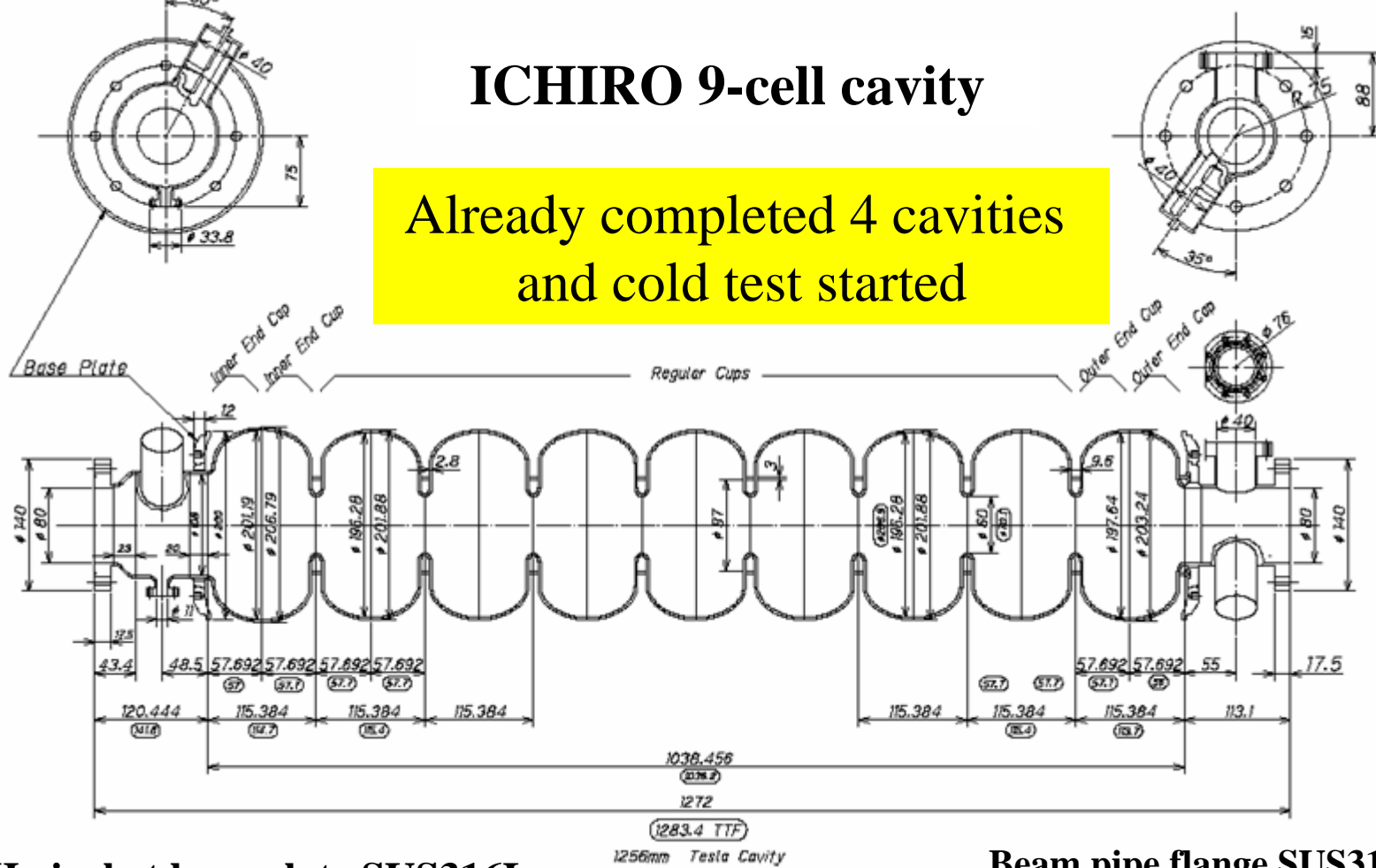
$$H_p = 1293 \times 0.6 = 775.8 \text{ Oe}$$

$$E_{\text{acc}} = \frac{775.8}{37.1} = 20.9 \text{ MV/m}$$



ICHIRO 9-cell cavity

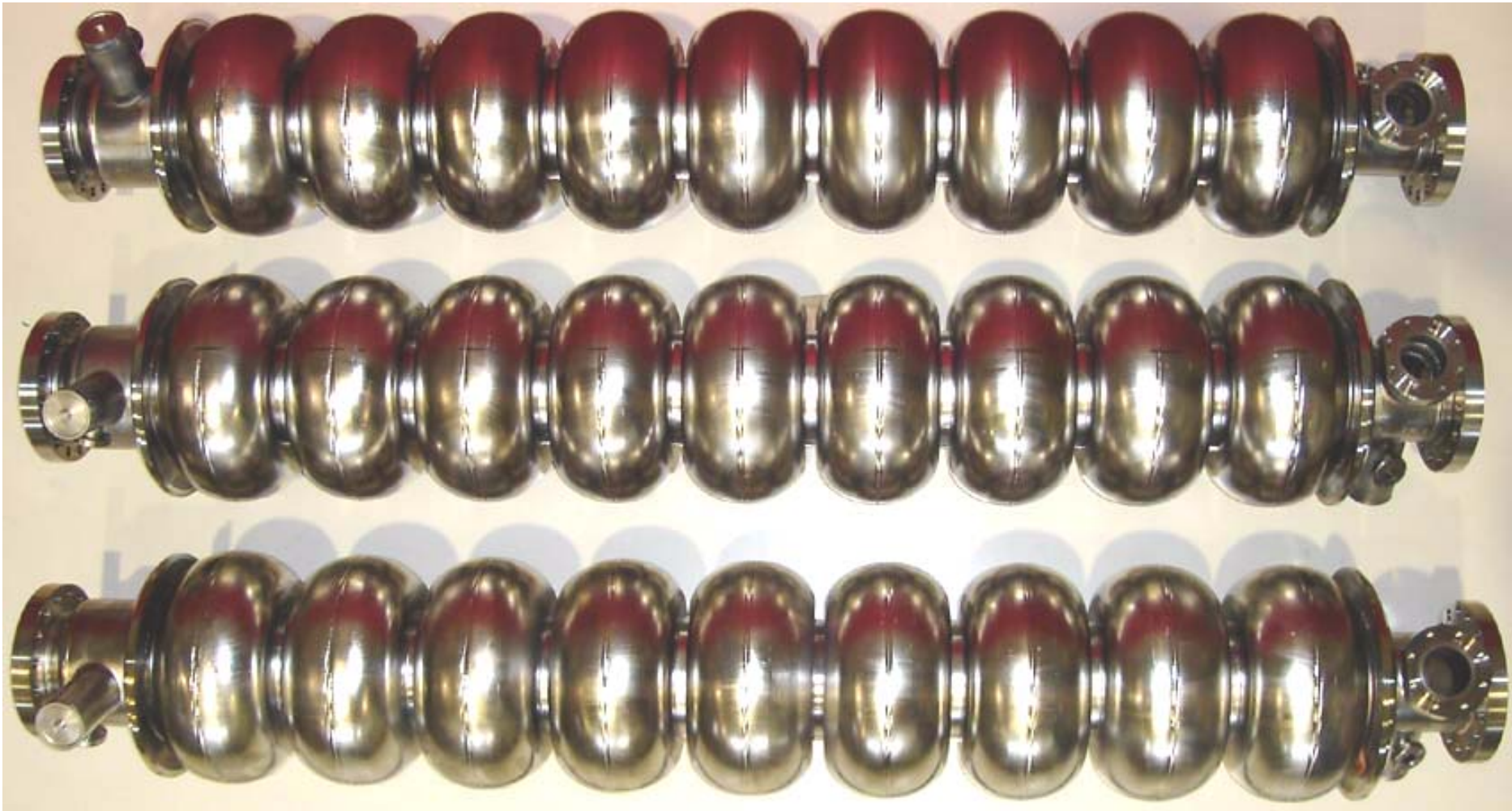
Already completed 4 cavities
and cold test started



He jacket base plate SUS316L

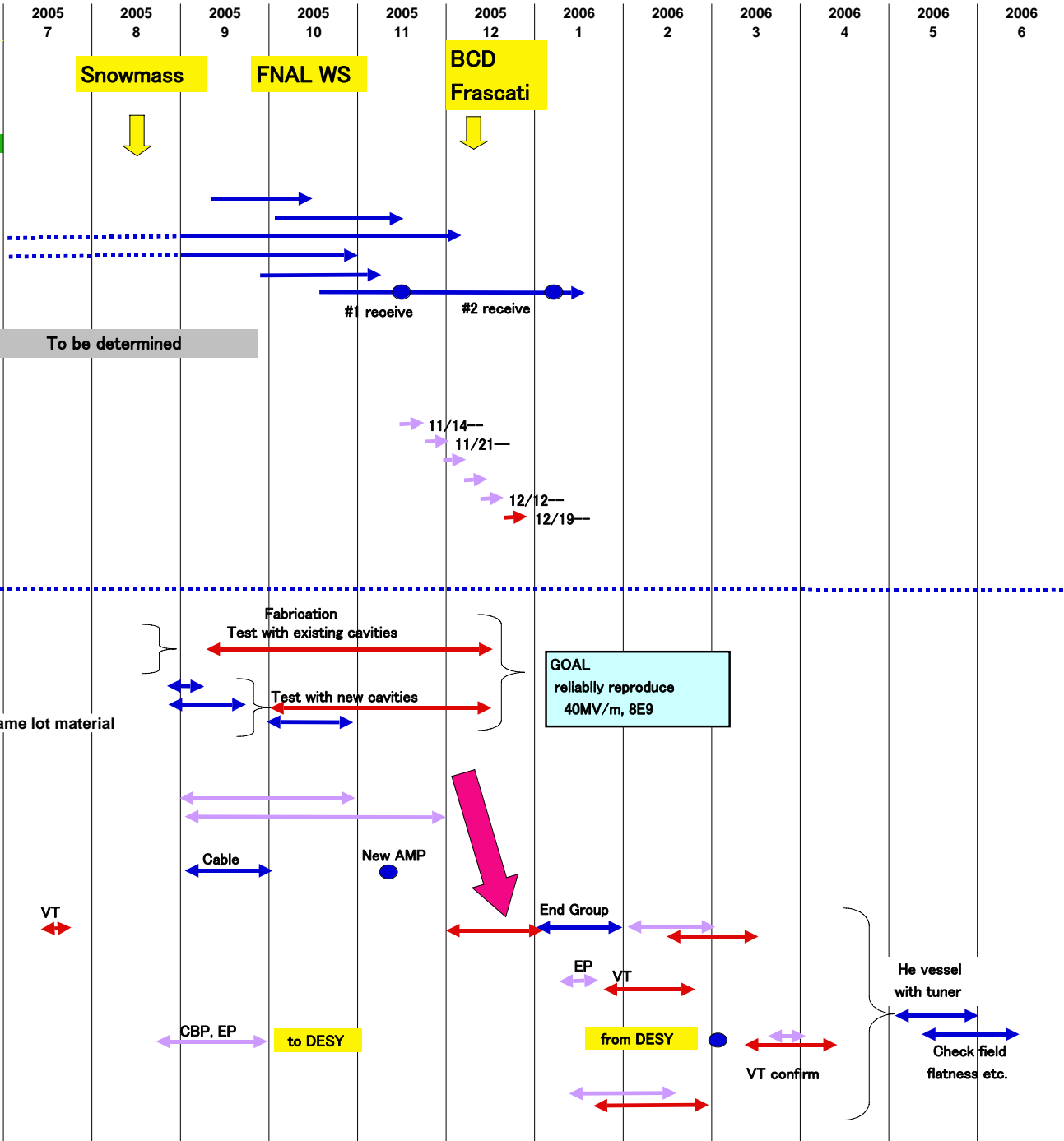
Beam pipe flange SUS316L





ICHIRO 9-cell cavities @ KEK

WG5 PLAN
Plan as of September 9



35MV/mcavity

Fabrication

#1, #2

Press and trim

Dumbbell

HOM coupler (rough machining)

Beam pipe (rough machining)

Base plate (rough machining)

Assembly

#3

#4

To be determined

Processing

#1

CBP

CP/EP + Anneal

Pretuning

HOM measurement (bead)

Finish EP + assembly

VT

#2

#3

#4

11/14-

11/21-

12/12-

12/19-

#1 receive

#2 receive

Single-cell high field proof

TESLA type (existing K14, etc.)

LL #1, #2

Re-entrant

ICHIRO S1

ICHIRO S2, S3, S4 from 9-cell prod.

Several single-cell cavities made of the same lot material

Fabrication

Test with existing cavities

Test with new cavities

GOAL
reliably reproduce
40MV/m, 8E9

Basic R&D on fab. & process &

Nomura EP, HPR

KEK HPR, Rinse, Assemble, etc.

9-cell cavity high field test preparation

Cable

New AMP

ICHIRO #1

VT

End Group

ICHIRO #2

EP

VT

He vessel
with tuner

ICHIRO #3

CBP, EP

to DESY

from DESY

VT confirm

Check field
flatness etc.

ICHIRO #4

Summary

- 1) ILC WG5-Asia Group has verified the high gradient performance for both new shapes: reentrant and low loss.
- 2) Multipacting is more likely to be a problem for 9-cell cavities.
- 3) We need establish our preparation recipe from QA point of view.
- 4) We will concentrate to settle these problems for 3 months and get review with the result.